
PERSONAL SECURITY - NATIONAL SECURITY COMPONENT OR NOT?!

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Abstract: *PERSONAL SECURITY IS ONE OF THE OBJECTIVES OF THE SOCIO-POLITICAL-ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OF THE CIVILIZED STATES IN THE WORLD AND OF THE CITIZENS WHO MAKE UP THOSE STATES. DEPENDING ON THE DEFINITION OF THE CONCEPT OF PERSONAL SECURITY, THE AREAS OF ACTION ARE ESTABLISHED, AMONG WHICH WE LIST: EDUCATION, HEALTH, COMMUNICATIONS, TRANSPORT, ETC. AT THE SAME TIME, EACH STATE HAS THE OBLIGATION AND THE RIGHT TO DRAW THE REGULATORY DIRECTIONS OF THE LEGAL FRAMEWORK, IN ORDER TO ESTABLISH AND APPLY THE NECESSARY MEASURES TO INCREASE THE DEGREE OF SECURITY OF THE PERSON AND IMPLICITLY OF THE SOCIETY ITSELF.*

Keywords: PERSONAL SECURITY, HUMAN SECURITY, CORRUPTION, EDUCATION SYSTEM, MEDICAL SYSTEM

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An important aspect of everyday life has been and will remain the security of the person, seen as an indissoluble vector linked to the development of society itself and indirectly to progress, which is integrated part of the social system.

The security of the person is affected through the terrorist attacks, international migration, natural disasters caused by earthquakes, floods, global warming, reduction of the ozone layer. Arming with nuclear weapons, starting wars that will change the destiny of billions of people, are just as many causes that change ideologies and erase from the world map entities that currently have a say in a troubled social order (Mărcău, 2013).

The safety of a person is a *sine qua non* component of national security and represents one of the objectives of the socio-political-economic development (Mărcău, 2019) of the civilized states in



the world and of the citizens who make up those states; at least on a theoretical level, since the events of recent years show the opposite.

The concept of the security of a person cannot be defined in a single way, which includes its multifacetedness, as it would mean that this concept is the result of combinations of n taken by k , which can be expressed in the form of the binomial coefficient. $C_n^k = \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!}$, when k is less than or equal to n and which is zero when k is greater than or equal to n ; where n - represents the number of traits that define man as a bio-psycho-social entity, and k - the number of people who make up society.

Defining the concept of the security of a person has two major implications.

Firstly, depending on the definition of this concept, the area of action of the states of the world in this field would be established, in order to achieve a predetermined goal, and secondly, it would state the guiding ideas necessary for the normative regulations that should be adopted and applied to increase the security of the person and implicitly of the society itself. This is somewhat avoided as the weak must be much easier to manipulate by the card dealers.

Thus, we can affirm that the definition of the concept of personal security is a problem that belongs to the political side of each country (Mărcău, 2019b).

We must not lose sight of the fact that beyond the cultural, religious or other environments that give us a membership in a society, we are just individuals, endowed with reason and who basically have the same sets of needs and wants - physiological needs, security needs, belonging to the group, the same needs for safety and freedom to evolve even if we live in Europe, America, Africa, whether we belong to the white or yellow race or regardless of any other aspect that would differentiate us.

In other words, the security of the person is part of the human security that has its origin in humanitarian law, in the matter of human rights, being able to discuss personal security at the national level, at the international level.

Although they should be based on the same principles that govern the security of the person regardless of the level we are discussing, things differ both vertically (national, European, American, African, international), as well as horizontally, between members of the same society. All these should be placed in concentric circles around the principles of the inviolability and security of the person, the principle of non-discrimination, the principle of limiting the means and methods of struggle and establish, through the lens of these principles, viable norms for sanctioning conflict relations regarding the security of the person and the general framework for the application of concrete measures to develop the social space, in order to be able to talk about a possible right to development.

In our opinion we cannot discuss the security of the person in the absence of a well-developed educational system, a legislative framework that truly regulates the social relations that are the basis of society and a stable and efficient system for resolving conflict relations.

And yet they exist, more or less defiled by the tentacles of some octopuses leaving individuals and degrade themselves as superior beings, sometimes reaching a sub-vegetative state that calls into question the security of the people around them.

We are all simple individuals and we have nevsheep of the same personal security, which require the same requirements and exigencies, but we are still talking about different systems of protection and regulation in human security and implicitly of human rights, despite the fact that all the systems realized over time converge towards the individual viewed in universality his.

Appearance of motor vehicles on a large scale forced the individual to acquire the necessary knowledge to drive them, the governing bodies of the states to develop rules to regulate the movement of these motor vehicles on public roads. At the same time, this technological process forced those who wanted to drive these vehicles to learn the rules of conduct in this field.



Learning to drive these vehicles has determined, in economic terms, the emergence of economic operators whose main or secondary activity is CAEN code - 8552 driving schools for non-professionals. With the inclusion of these vehicles in production, in the economic development of the states, other needs appeared, defined in other parameters, as the risks increased to some extent.

Thus, economic operators were developed whose object of activity - CAEN code - 8532 - is secondary, technical or professional education that provides specific education that emphasizes specialization and training on subjects of study, which combines basic theoretical knowledge with practical ones needed in the current or future job. The purpose of a program can vary from preparing the student for a general field of activity, to preparing him for a specific field. This category includes, among others, driving schools for professionals – for pilots, truck drivers, buses, coaches (<http://www.coduricaen.info/definitie-Invatamant-secundar-tehnic-sau-profesional-8532.html>).

Learning to drive vehicles on public roads involve two major skills, writing and reading, and an even higher one, that of understanding.

In order to be able to obtain a driver's license, the candidate must enroll in a driving school to attend the courses organized in this regard, and for enrollment it is necessary to submit a medical record, criminal record and be declared psychological fit (in addition to the other conditions that must be met).

The medical record has the role of analyzing, to some extent, the dysfunctions of the candidate's body, and the doctor's initials and the recorded data highlight the fact that he or she has physiological or anatomical-pathological dysfunctions. The impression of the initials of the ophthalmologist, neurologist, cardiologist placed on the medical documents, contrary to those identified in the candidate, in the clinical study, will decrease the security of that person when using the vehicle. For example, imagine a colorblind person at a railroad crossing with no barriers, only a flashing red signal. His eye in the given case receives the green color and the colorblind driver will switch to the flashing red color seriously endangering his safety as well as that of the other passengers.

They have existed and will exist incontinuum many evasions of these initials on the medical records, because some medical personnel do not understand the harm they are doing, as they are more fond of the "gifts" received in this regard from the candidates.

Another step towards obtaining a driver's license that the candidate should take is to first read the decree and rules governing traffic on public roads and to accumulate knowledge of mechanics and first aid, trying to connections between what they read and what they observe in space during driving hours and beyond. It is necessary to acquire this knowledge because their subsequent conduct must be adapted to the traffic signs identified near the road, along the road, in order not to be prone to road accidents and not to endanger the safety of others.

Tuning with ease of driving licenses to those who have not acquired the theoretical and practical knowledge, has no positive effects no matter how you look at things.

I would invite those who overlook the ignorance of the rules or the partial lack of skills necessary to drive vehicles and not only that, to build a bridge with only 60-80% of the materials necessary for its construction (100%), and at the inauguration of the bridge when a loaded truck passes, to do the resistance test, they have to stand under the bridge. I would ask them if, knowing the risk that it is not done properly, missing a percentage of the materials, would they risk their lives standing under the bridge until the truck passes? The answer would definitely be no.

Many tragedies over time were provoked due to non-compliance with those norms that were written in this regard. Excessive speed, not adapting the speed to weather or traffic conditions, fatigue at the wheel, consumption of alcoholic beverages, etc., are just as many non-compliances with the rules drawn up following a precedent, which many drivers do not take into account for several reasons. Many of those involved in road accidents are young and in the splendid ignorance of youth, with



powerful cars and too few orientations, they question the safety of others. Could it be a lack of education? Of interest? Or are we simply in the presence of total ignorance?

Currently, traffic on public roads is carried out under the same rules, with small differences (traffic speed on public roads differs from one country to another) both at national and European level (The Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland is an exception to the direction of travel), international, and the driver's license is recognized everywhere. In this field there is the only common vocabulary that all individuals (who have obtained a driver's license) know, regardless of the regime that regulates the other systems, regardless of the language that everyone speaks or the state to which they belong.

The other fields are governed by distinct rules, depending on the respective country, the social environment. Individuals benefit from a different legal system of protection.

The social environment in which we develop, the standard of living, the education system and the health system are the main stimuli in the development of personal and national security, in a word of human security, and politics has a say and unfortunately not a very good one.

I have chosen to describe above how a trivial phenomenon, obtaining a driver's license and using it, can affect a person's security, as it involves all other systems absolutely necessary for the development of the individual and society as a whole. Everything manifests as a puzzle; you cannot understand the complexity of a phenomenon by analyzing it separately, but only contextually to see the true positive and negative implications in the realization of a fact, an event or a flow.

The health system is and will remain a basic pillar of society, but here too we encounter the shortcomings of the system, which often put the security of the person in question.

The ignorance of some, the insensitivity of others, the shortcomings of a corrupt system, the lack of medicine, the low standard of living are so many causes that can call into question the security of the person. There are people who have enough money to be able to access the medical services, necessary for the identification and treatment of pathological anomalies or medical conditions, in private clinics, but for many people this remains a wish. In the respective locations, cleanliness is at home, the medical personnel know their obligations and also take into account the Hippocratic oath, they actually know the job they practice and above all, they have good will that you rarely meet in state hospitals.

Lack of medical equipment in hospitals, disinfection done with water instead of the necessary substances (for example the case of Hexi Pharma - Hexi Pharma - the commercial company that was sued by the General Prosecutor's Office for committing 340 crimes of fraud and forgery for diluting disinfectants used in hundreds of hospitals in Romania), the sterilization of work tools, the conditioning of medical documents on the receipt of sums of money are so many causes that put our physical integrity at risk and our security in question.

Regarding the level of corruption in hospitals, according to the data graphically represented by the founder of the Graphs.ro platform, Dragoș Vana, in March 2023 the worst situation is found in Teleorman county, where 8.11% of those who completed the questionnaire state that they were asked to pay. It is followed by Giurgiu (7.55%), Olt (5.08%) and Argeș (4.95%) counties. The lowest value is recorded in Covasna county, where 0.47% of respondents said that they were asked for bribes (<https://www.euronews.ro/articole/studiu-harta-spagii-in-spitalele-din-romania-cat-de-prezenta-este-corruptia-in-uni>)

In 2022, Romania ranked 63rd out of 180 countries, up one position compared to 2021. At the level of the corruption index, our country obtained a score of 46/100 (<https://www.euronews.ro/articole/transparency-international-romania-in-topul-celor-mai-corrupte-state-din-ue>)



Despite the shortcomings presented and not presented, it should be noted that many medical professionals stoically face the shortcomings of the system, the lack of drugs, the lack of medical devices or their insufficiency, the nervous discharges of patients, etc., and perform the medical act with the responsibility specific to the profession.

We as individuals become less tolerant, evolutionary, the more we are exposed to socially dangerous species. The social standard of living in Romania is very low, the stress of tomorrow, the economic and social instability are all so many factors that disturb the lucidity of reason, making us more aggressive, more volcanic, less tolerant leading us on some uncontrolled slippages (increasingly many recorded crimes or suicides, rapes, robberies, human and drug trafficking networks, attacks, computer crime in full bloom, etc.) seriously questioning the security of the person.

All this only leads to violence and war, causing an exodus of the population from my "hot" areas to those areas where the social environment is good, welcoming, with a well-regulated framework.

This migration is not exactly good in the absence of a social maladaptation to the new environment, as it causes a decrease in the safety climate for those who already inhabited that environment. We remember the events in Germany where immigrants harassed many people in the German cities where the immigrant camps were established, others were raped, beaten, property destroyed, etc.

You cannot destroy a social order and endanger the safety of some people by increasing the safety of others. There can be no supremacy of the rights to the security of the person, depending on the nationality of a state or the color you wear.

Here, the levers for solving these conflicts that directly and indirectly relate to the security of the person belong to the political class that holds the power in a state, at a given moment, and that more or less defends its interests own citizens.

The challenges of this century marked by violence in all corners of this world on a downward trend, discriminations and exaggerated discrepancies between "tycoons" and "commoners", fires, diminishing natural resources, acid rain, natural disasters, terrorist attacks, population migration, the emergence of diseases and serious anatomical-pathological mutations, cause heated debates at national and international level to find solutions and protect the individual from the harmful effects of these actions.

In conclusion, there are no unitary regulations that are effective in counteracting the evil that can fall on the individual, implicitly on all of us. There are only certain international regulations appropriated at least theoretically through the promotion of generally valid conventions, which are later taken over in domestic law in one form or another, where certain regulations specific to the area of application are established.



1/2023

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